

healthy man who soon develops cold and fever, while myriads of malaria animals are rapidly produced in his blood, and he becomes a source from which mosquitoes may draw infection wherewith to infect other healthy men.

This is the way malaria is spread.

3. *How to protect oneself from Malaria.*—It is clear from the above that if there were no mosquitoes there would be no malaria, and if we could prevent ourselves from being bitten by mosquitoes we should never contract malaria. The lesson is that we must try and get rid of the mosquitoes as far as possible, and if this is not entirely practicable we must keep out of the mosquito's way as much as possible. Now in order to maintain the existence of mosquitoes we must allow them a certain amount of stagnant water to breed in. For practical purposes it may be stated that mosquitoes cannot propagate their species without stagnant water. The secret of the extinction of mosquitoes is therefore to see that no stagnant water lies near our houses, that is, not within 500 yards of our houses. All stagnant pools must be drained, and those that cannot be drained ought to have fish grown in them if they are large, or kerosine oil poured on their surface weekly if they are small. A favorite place for malaria mosquitoes to grow is the hoof track of a bullock which may contain a quart or two of water. It is not every kind of mosquito that can spread malaria. The common mosquito that lives in dirty water in the back-yards does not spread malaria. The malaria mosquito likes clean water. Nevertheless it is well to destroy all sorts of mosquitoes, for the other kinds, if they do not spread malaria may spread other disease quite as bad. They all propagate their species in water, so the same procedure that destroys the malaria mosquito destroys the others also. So one must not keep hatches of water standing unemptied for days nor collection of dirty water undrained near the house. If we do we shall certainly be infested by mosquitoes. It is not enough that one householder observe these rules, every one in the village must do so. If any single villager neglects these rules he renders void the efforts of all the others, for the mosquitoes he breeds by his carelessness easily find their way into the other houses. Villagers should therefore punish any one of their members who by carelessness endanger their lives or interfere with their comfort in this way. So much for the actual destruction of the mosquito.

The next point to observe is to keep out of the mosquito's way as much as possible. As they only bite at night we should not expose ourselves where they exist at night. Workers should be in out of the fields before sun set. Then, if there are mosquitoes in the house itself, various methods are recommended for keeping them at a distance. The best is to sleep under a mosquito net, but only the wealthy can afford this. Filling the room with strong smoke is useful for an hour or so before lying down to rest. But unless the house is absolutely shut up the mosquitoes will come in very soon, and, though the sleeper may be unconscious of it he will be bitten and perhaps inoculated with malaria. Smearing the body with certain oils is also of some use.

4. The best medicine to take for this disease is quinine which can be had very cheaply in the Post Offices, etc. For a person above 15 years, ten grains every 8 hours is the proper dose, to be continued for 24 hours after the fever ceases. Between 5 and 15 years, 2½ grains for 5 years and an extra ½ grain for each additional year. An infant 3 months old can take ½ grain every 8 hours—a year old can take 2 grains, and then ½ grain for each year above is till the 5th year. The medicine often causes noises in the ears but this soon passes off. A purge should always be taken before beginning quinine unless diarrhoea already exist.

J. SMYTH, M. D., Lt.-Col., I. M. S.,
Offg. Sr. Surgn. & San'y. Comr., M. G.

MISCELLANEOUS. BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Notification dated 9th November 1904.

It is hereby notified for the general information of the public that the travellers' bungalow at Dodballapur will be closed to travellers, from 1st to 7th December 1904, both days inclusive, and it will be required for the occupation of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, from the 4th to the 6th December 1904.

Notification dated 14th November 1904.

1. It is hereby notified for public information that the undermentioned Jodi village, which has been duly attached in satisfaction of the arrears of revenue due to Government (as shown in the subjoined statement) by the said Jodidars, will be sold at public auction at the place and on the date mentioned in the annexed statement. The sale will commence at 12 A.M. on the date specified, and the village will be knocked down to the highest bidder without reserve.

2. Provided that when a village is divided into separate recognized vrittis, the Deputy Commissioner may, at his option, instead of selling the village as a whole, sell each vrit separately.

3. The purchaser will be required to deposit twenty-five per cent of the purchase money the time of sale, and where the remainder of the purchase money may not be paid within fifty days from the day of sale, the money so deposited shall be liable to forfeiture.

4. When such deposit shall not be made nor the remaining purchase money paid the lands shall be re-sold at the expense and risk of the first purchaser.

5. Persons bidding at the sale may be required to state whether they bid on their own account or as agents, and in the latter case to deposit a written authority signed by the principals, otherwise their bids may be rejected.

6. The sale shall be stayed, if the defaulter or any other person acting on their behalf claiming an interest in the land, tender the full amount of the arrears of revenue with interest and other charges, before the property is knocked down or give satisfactory proof that the amount of arrears, etc., has been paid up or furnish security under Section 170 of the Mysore Land Revenue Code.

7. Purchaser having completed the payment of the purchase money will, as soon the sale has been confirmed, be placed in immediate possession, and the village will be registered in the name of the purchaser, and a certificate of sale, signed and sealed by the Deputy Commissioner, will be granted to him. It is to be distinctly understood that the Government are not responsible for errors of description and in estimated extent.

8. Provided, parties deeming themselves aggrieved by the sale, shall be at liberty appeal to the Dewan within ninety days from the day of sale, and the purchase shall be conditional on the final order in such appeal.

SCHEDULE.

District.	Taluk.	Hobli.	Village.	Names of Jodidars.	Estimated extent.	Estimated gross rental or beriz.	Quit-rent payable annually to Government.	Arrears of Government revenue for which village is to be sold.	Date of sale, etc.
Bangalore.	Devanahalli.	Kundana.	Jodi Hegganahalli.	Nanjunda Pandit and others.	Peramboke	A. 44 22	Rs. 0 12 0	Shobhakritu ... 77 7 8	20th December 1904.
					Dry	525 33	291 8 0	Subhakritu ... 219 11 0	
					Wet	22 10	41 12 0	Process fee ... 4 0 0	
					Garden	13 19	61 0 0	Total ... 301 2 8	
					Total	606 4	395 0 0		

Note.—The sale is free from all tenures, encumbrances and rights created by the Jodidars or any of their predecessors in title or in anywise subsisting against them.

Notification dated 14th November 1904.

1. It is hereby notified that in satisfaction of arrears of land revenue due by Venkoba-char and others, revenue defaulters, the undermentioned immovable property will be sold by public auction of the Bangalore District, Devanahalli Taluk, on the The sale will commence at and the property will be knocked down to the highest bidder without reserve.
2. The amount of revenue payable by the purchaser on the property for the whole of the year is Rs. 129-10-9, as shown in detail in the statement at foot.
3. Purchasers will be required to deposit twenty-five per cent of the purchase money at the time of sale, and where the remainder of purchase money may not be paid within fifteen days from day of sale, the money so deposited shall be liable to forfeiture.
4. When such deposit shall not be made nor the remaining purchase money paid up, the property shall be re-sold at the expense and risk of the first purchaser.
5. Persons bidding at a sale may be required to state whether they bid on their own account or as agents, and in the latter case to deposit a written authority signed by their principals; otherwise their bids may be rejected.
6. The sale shall be stayed, if the defaulter or any person acting on his behalf or claiming an interest in the property, tenders the full amount of arrears of revenue, with the interest and other charges, provided such tender be made before the property is knocked down.
7. The sale of the property will not become absolute until the sale has been confirmed by the Deputy Commissioner.
8. Purchasers having completed payment of the purchase money will, as soon as the sale has been confirmed by the Deputy Commissioner, be placed in immediate possession, and the property will be registered in the name of purchaser, and a certificate of sale, signed and sealed by the Deputy Commissioner, will be granted to him. It is to be distinctly understood that the Government are not responsible for errors of description or in estimated extent.
9. Provided, parties deeming themselves aggrieved by the sale, shall be at liberty to appeal to the Deputy Commissioner within thirty days from the day of sale, and also to appeal to Government against his order within the time prescribed by law, and the purchase shall be conditional on the final order in such appeal.

SCHEDULE.

Taluk.	Hobli.	Village.	Name of defaulters.	Description of property.						Amount of arrears due to Government, including notice fee, etc.				
				Building.		Land.								
				Name of building.	Estimated value.	Survey number or name of land.	Dry, wet or garden.	Area.	Assessment.					
Devanahalli.	Jala.	Navaratna Agrahara.	Venkoba-char and others.	...	2000	Whole village.	Dry ...	280	2	Rs. 422	Jodi ...	128	12	9
							Wet ...	12	26		Notice fee, etc.	1	8	0
							Garden ...	14	18					
							Peramboke.	598	17					
							Total...	905	23			Total...	129	10
											Excluding interest.			

Notification dated 14th November 1904.

1. It is hereby notified for public information that the undermentioned Jodi village, which has been duly attached in satisfaction of the arrears of revenue due to Government (as shown in the subjoined statement) by the said Jodidars, will be sold by public auction at the place and on the date mentioned in the annexed statement. The sale will commence at 12 A.M. on the date specified, and the village will be knocked down to the highest bidder without reserve.

2. Provided that when a village is divided into separate recognized vrittis, the Deputy Commissioner may, at his option, instead of selling the village as a whole, sell each vritti separately.

3. The purchaser will be required to deposit twenty-five per cent of the purchase money at the time of sale, and where the remainder of the purchase money may not be paid within fifteen days from the day of sale, the money so deposited shall be liable to forfeiture.

4. When such deposit shall not be made nor the remaining purchase money paid up, the lands shall be re-sold at the expense and risk of the first purchaser.

5. Persons bidding at the sale may be required to state whether they bid on their own account or as agents, and in the latter case, to deposit a written authority signed by their principals, otherwise their bids may be rejected.

6. The sale shall be stayed, if the defaulters or any other person acting on their behalf or claiming an interest in the land, tender the full amount of the arrears of revenue with the interest and other charges, before the property is knocked down or give satisfactory proof that the amount of arrears, etc., has been paid up or furnish security under Section 170 of the Mysore Land Revenue Code.

7. Purchaser having completed the payment of the purchase money will, as soon as the sale has been confirmed, be placed in immediate possession and the village will be registered in the name of the purchaser, and a certificate of sale, signed and sealed by the Deputy Commissioner will be granted to him. It is to be distinctly understood that the Government are not responsible for errors of description and in estimated extent.

8. Provided, parties deeming themselves aggrieved by the sale, shall be at liberty to appeal to the Dewan within ninety days from the day of sale, and the purchase shall be conditional on the final order in such appeal.

SCHEDULE.

District.	Taluk.	Hobli.	Village.	Names of Jodi-dars.	Estimated extent.	Estimated gross rental or beriz.	Quit-rent payable annually to Government.	Arrears of Government revenue for which village is to be sold.	Date of sale, etc.	Place of sale.
Bangalore.	Devanhalli.	Jala.	Navaratna Agrahar.	Navaratna Venkobachar and others.	A. g.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		
					Peramboke 598 17	Shubakritu ...	128 2 9	261		
						Shobhakritu ...	128 2 9			
					Dry ... 280 2	Process fees ...	5 0 0			
					Wet ... 12 26	Total ...	261 5 6			
					Garden ... 14 18	Beriz.				
						Rs. 422				
										</

Note.—The sale is free from all tenures, encumbrances and rights created by the Jodi dars or any of their predecessors in title or in anywise subsisting against them.

Notification dated 14th November 1904.

1. It is hereby notified for public information that the undermentioned Kayangutta village, which has been duly attached in satisfaction of the arrears of revenue due to Government (as shown in the subjoined statement) by the said Kayanguttadar, will be sold by public auction at the place and on the date mentioned in the annexed statement. The sale will commence at 12 A.M. on the date specified, and the village will be knocked down to the highest bidder without reserve.
2. Provided that when a village is divided into separate recognized vrittis, the Deputy Commissioner may, at his option, instead of selling the village as a whole, sell each vritti separately.
3. The purchaser will be required to deposit twenty-five per cent of the purchase money at the time of sale, and where the remainder of the purchase money may not be paid within fifteen days from the day of sale, the money so deposited shall be liable to forfeiture.
4. When such deposit shall not be made nor the remaining purchase money paid up, the lands shall be re-sold at the expense and risk of the first purchaser.
5. Persons bidding at the sale may be required to state whether they bid on their own account or as agents, and in the latter case to deposit a written authority signed by their principals, otherwise their bids may be rejected.
6. The sale shall be stayed, if the defaulters or any other person acting on their behalf or claiming an interest in the land, tender the full amount of the arrears of revenue with the interest and other charges, before the property is knocked down, or give satisfactory proof that the amount of arrears, etc., has been paid up or furnish security under Section 170 of the Mysore Land Revenue Code.
7. Purchaser having completed the payment of the purchase money will, as soon as the sale has been confirmed, be placed in immediate possession, and the village will be registered in the name of the purchaser, and a certificate of sale, signed and sealed by the Deputy Commissioner, will be granted to him. It is to be distinctly understood that the Government are not responsible for errors of description and in estimated extent.
8. Provided, parties deeming themselves aggrieved by the sale, shall be at liberty to appeal to the Dewan within ninety days from the day of sale, and the purchase shall be conditional on the final order in such appeal.

SCHEDULE.

District.	Taluk.	Hobli.	Village.	Guttadar.	Estimated extent.	Estimated gross rental or beriz.	Quit-rent payable annually to Government.	Arrears of Government revenue for which village is to be sold.	Date of sale, etc.	Place of sale.
					A. g.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		
Bangalore.	Devanhalli.	Jala.	Kayangutta Arsinakunte Venkatasubba Rao.		Peramboke. 470 34	7 4 0	Subhakritu ...	8 0 0	23rd December 1904.	Devanhalli Taluk Office.
					Dry ... 262 30	189 2 0	Shobhakritu ...	199 6 8		
					Wet ... 18 29	78 0 0	Process fees ...	1 8 0		
					Garden ... 10 14	57 8 0	Total ...	208 14 8		
					Total ... 762 27	331 14 0				

Note.—The sale is free from all tenures, encumbrances and rights created by the Kayanguttadar or any of his predecessors in title or in anywise subsisting against him.

Notification dated 14th November 1904.

1. It is hereby notified for public information that the undermentioned Jodi village, which has been duly attached in satisfaction of the arrears of revenue due to Government (as shown in the subjoined statement) by the said Jodidars, will be sold by public auction at the place and on the date mentioned in the annexed statement. The sale will commence at 12 A. M. on the date specified, and the village will be knocked down to the highest bidder without reserve.

2. Provided that when a village is divided into separate recognized vrittis, the Deputy Commissioner may, at his option, instead of selling the village as a whole, sell each vritti separately.

3. The purchaser will be required to deposit twenty-five per cent of the purchase money at the time of sale, and where the remainder of the purchase money may not be paid within fifteen days from the day of sale, the money so deposited shall be liable to forfeiture.

4. When such deposit shall not be made nor the remaining purchase money paid up, the lands shall be re-sold at the expense and the risk of the first purchaser.

5. Persons bidding at the sale may be required to state whether they bid on their own account or as agents, and in the latter case to deposit a written authority signed by their principals, otherwise their bids may be rejected.

6. The sale shall be stayed, if the defaulters or any other person acting on their behalf or claiming an interest in the land, tender the full amount of the arrears of revenue with the interest and other charges, before the property is knocked down or give satisfactory proof that the amount of arrears, etc., has been paid up or furnish security under Section 170 of the Mysore Land Revenue Code.

7. Purchaser having completed the payment of the purchase money will, as soon as the sale has been confirmed, by the Deputy Commissioner, be placed in immediate possession, and the village will be registered in the name of the purchaser, and a certificate of sale, signed and sealed by the Deputy Commissioner, will be granted to him. It is to be distinctly understood that the Government are not responsible for errors of description and in estimated extent.

8. Provided parties deeming themselves aggrieved by the sale shall be at liberty to appeal to the Dewan within ninety days from the day of sale, and the purchase shall be conditional on the final order in such appeal.

SCHEDULE.

District.	Taluk.	Hobli.	Village.	Names of Jodidars	Estimated extent.	Estimated gross rental or beriz.	Quit-rent payable annually to Government.	Arrears of Government revenue for which village is to be sold.	Date of sale, etc.	Place of sale.
Bangalore.	Devanahalli.	Jala.	Jodi Mallenahalli.	Navaratna Venkobachar and others.	A. g.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		
					Peramboke.... 526 27	8 4 0	Shobhakritu..	78 3 6		
					Dry ... 124 26	139 1 0	Process fee ..	1 8 0		
					Wet ... 10 17	50 1 0				
					Garden ... 5 0	30 0 0	Total ...	79 11 6		
					Total ... 666 30	227 6 0			23rd December 1904.	Devanahalli Taluk Office.

Note.—The sale is free from all tenures, encumbrances and rights created by the Jodidars or any of their predecessors in title or in anywise subsisting against them.

Notification dated 14th November 1904.

1. It is hereby notified for public information that the undermentioned Jodi village, which has been duly attached in satisfaction of the arrears of revenue due to Government (as shown in the subjoined statement) by the said Jodidars, will be sold by public auction at the place and on the date mentioned in the annexed statement. The sale will commence at 12 A.M., on the date specified, and the village will be knocked down to the highest bidder without reserve.

2. Provided that when a village is divided into separate recognized vrittis the Deputy Commissioner may, at his option instead of selling the village as a whole, sell each vritti separately.

3. The purchaser will be required to deposit twenty-five per cent of the purchase money at the time of sale, and where the remainder of the purchase money may not be paid within fifteen days from the day of sale, the money so deposited shall be liable to forfeiture.

4. When such deposit shall not be made, nor the remaining purchase money paid up, the land shall be re-sold at the expense and risk of the first purchaser.

5. Persons bidding at the sale may be required to state whether they bid on their own account or as agents, and in the latter case to deposit a written authority signed by their principals, otherwise their bids may be rejected.

6. The sale shall be stayed, if the defaulters or any other person acting on their behalf or claiming an interest in the land tender the full amount of the arrears of revenue with the interest and other charges, before the property is knocked down or give satisfactory proof that the amount of arrears, has been paid up or furnish security under Section 170 of the Mysore Land Revenue Code.

7. Purchaser having completed the payment of the purchase money, will, as soon as the sale has been confirmed be placed in immediate possession, and the village will be registered in the name of the purchaser, and a certificate of sale, signed and sealed by the Deputy Commissioner, will be granted to him. It is to be distinctly understood that the Government are not responsible for errors of description and in estimated extent.

8. Provided, parties deeming themselves aggrieved by the sale, shall be at liberty to appeal to the Dewan within ninety days from the day of sale and the purchase shall be conditional on the final order in such appeal.

SCHEDULE.

District.	Taluk.	Hobli.	Village.	Name of Jodidars.	Estimated extent.	Estimated gross rental or beriz.	Quit-rent payable annually to Government.	Arrears of Government revenue for which village is to be sold.	Date of sale, etc.	Place of sale.
Bangalore.	Devanahalli.	Jala.	Chagalletti.	Madava Rao and others.	A. g.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	20th December 1904.	Devanahalli Taluk Office.
					Peramburboke. 223 32	Subhakritu...	169 4 9	538 5 2		
					Dry ... 536 24	Plava ...	33 12 7			
					Wet ... 55 29	Shobhakritu...	335 4 10			
					Garden ... 23 18		53 5 2			
						Beriz. 635 15 0				
						Process fee ...		3 0 0		
					Total ... 839 23			541 5 2		

Note.—The sale is free from all tenures, encumbrances and rights created by the Jodidars or any of their predecessors in title or in anywise subsisting against them.

Notification dated 14th November 1904.

1. It is hereby notified for public information that the undermentioned Jodi village, which has been duly attached in satisfaction of the arrears of revenue due to Government (as shown in the subjoined statement) by the said Jodidars, will be sold by public auction at the place and on the date mentioned in the annexed statement. The sale will commence at 12 A.M., on the date specified, and the village will be knocked down to the highest bidder without reserve.
2. Provided that when a village is divided into separate recognized vrittis, the Deputy Commissioner may, at his option, instead of selling the village as a whole, sell each vritti separately.
3. The purchaser will be required to deposit twenty-five per cent of the purchase money at the time of sale, and where the remainder of the purchase money may not be paid within fifteen days from the day of sale, the money so deposited shall be liable to forfeiture.
4. When such deposit shall not be made, nor the remaining purchase money paid up, the lands shall be re-sold at the expense and risk of the first purchaser.
5. Persons bidding at the sale may be required to state whether they bid on their own account or as agents and in the latter case to deposit a written authority signed by their principals otherwise their bids may be rejected.
6. The sale shall be stayed, if the defaulters or any other person acting on their behalf or claiming an interest in the land, tender the full amount of the arrears of revenue with the interest and other charges before the property is knocked down or give satisfactory proof that the amount of arrears, etc., has been paid up or furnish security under Section 170 of the Mysore Land Revenue Code.
7. Purchaser having completed the payment of the purchase money, will, as soon as the sale has been confirmed be placed in immediate possession, and the village will be registered in the name of the purchaser, and a certificate of sale, signed and sealed by the Deputy Commissioner, will be granted to him. It is to be distinctly understood that the Government are not responsible for errors of description and in estimated extent.
8. Provided, parties deeming themselves aggrieved by the sale, shall be at liberty to appeal to the Dewan within ninety days from the day of sale, and the purchase shall be conditional on the final order in such appeal.

District.	Taluk.	Hobli.	Village.	Name of Jodidar.	Estimated extent.	Estimated gross rental or beriz.	Quit-rent payable annually to Government.	Arrears of Government revenue for which the village is to be sold.	Date of sale, etc.	Place of sale.
Bangalore.	Devanahalli.	Jala.	Dasanayakanahalli.	Annappa.	A. g.			Rs. a. p.		
					Peramboke 298 3	Shobhakritu	...	68 11 0		
					Dry .. 203 22	Process fee	...	1 8 0		
					Wet ... 11 12			70 3 0		
					Garden ... 1 34					
					Total ... 514 31					

Note.—The sale is free from all tenures, encumbrances and rights created by the Jodidar or any of his predecessors in title or in anywise subsisting against him.

Notification dated 14th November 1904.

1. It is hereby notified for public information that the undermentioned Kayangutta village which has been duly attached in satisfaction of the arrears of revenue due to Government (as shown in the subjoined statement) by the said Kayanguttadar, will be sold by public auction at the place and on the date mentioned in the annexed statement. The sale will commence at 12 A. M., on the date specified, and the village will be knocked down to the highest bidder without reserve.

2. Provided that when a village is divided into separate recognized vrittis the Deputy Commissioner may at his option instead of selling the village as a whole sell each vritti separately.

3. The purchaser will be required to deposit twenty-five per cent of the purchase money at the time of sale, and where the remainder of the purchase money so deposited shall be liable to forfeiture.

4. When such deposit shall not be made, nor the remaining purchase money paid up, the lands shall be re-sold at the expense and risk of the first purchaser.

5. Persons bidding at the sale may be required to state whether they bid on their own account or as agents and in the latter case to deposit a written authority signed by their principals otherwise their bids may be rejected.

6. The sale shall be stayed, if the defaulters, or any other person acting on their behalf or claiming an interest in the land tender the full account of the arrears of revenue with the interest and other charges, before the property is knocked down or give satisfactory proof that the amount of arrears, etc., has been paid up or furnish security under Section 170 of the Mysore Land Revenue Code.

7. Purchaser having completed the payment of the purchase money will, as soon as the sale has been confirmed be placed in immediate possession, and the village will be registered in the name of the purchaser, and a certificate of sale, signed and sealed by the Deputy Commissioner, will be granted to him. It is to be distinctly understood that the Government are not responsible for errors of description and in estimated extent.

8. Provided, parties deeming themselves aggrieved by the sale, shall be at liberty to appeal to the Dewan within ninety days from the day of sale, and the purchase shall be conditional on the final order in such appeal.

SCHEDULE.

District.	Taluk.	Hobli.	Kayangutta village.	Guttadar.	Estimated extent.	Estimated gross rental or beriz.	Quit-rent payable annually to Government.	Arrears of Government revenue for which village is to be sold.	Date of sale etc.	Place of sale.	
Bangalore.	Devanahalli.	Jala.	Kayangutta Boyalhalli.	Lakshminaranappa.	A. g.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	23rd December 1904.	Devanahalli Taluk Office.	
					Peramboke ...	199 32	3 0 0	Shubhakritu...			73 7 0
					Dry ...	162 3	150 0 0	Shobhakritu			73 7 0
					Wet ...	0 0		Process fee...			1 8 0.
					Garden ...	2 23	12 0 0	Total ..			148 6 0

Note.—The sale is free from all tenures, encumbrances and rights created by the Guttadar or any of his predecessors in title or in anywise subsisting against him.

K. KRISHNA IYER, for Dy. Comr.